## Balika Vidyapith, Lakhisarai

## Class 11Sc Sub Physics Dt 15 10 XX

## **Answer the following questions:-**

- 1 Two vectors of magnitude A and root 3A are perpendicular to each other. What is the angle which their resultant makes with vector A?
- 2 Can a body posses velocity at the same time in horizontal and vertical directions?
- 3 Is it true that instantaneous velocity of a projectile is tangential to its parabolic path?
- 4 A body is projected at an angle 45 degree with a velocity of 9.8 m/s. What will be its horizontal range?
- 5 A ball is thrown at an angle 45 degree to the horizontal with kinetic energy K. What is the K. E. at the highest point of trajectory?
- 6 Define the following :- a unit vector b displacement c dot product of two vectors. d projectile motion e modulus of a vector.

## 7 MCQs:-

I Two equal vectors have a resultant equal to either. The angle between them is

A 60 B 90 C 180 D 120

II The acceleration of a body moving with constant velocity is

A positive B negative C zero D none

III The horizontal range of a projectile is 4 root 3 times of its maximum height. The angle of projection will be

A 60 B 90 C 30 D 45

IV The ratio of magnitude of displacement and distance in case of motion in one dimension is

A equal to 1 B less than 1 C more than 1 D none

V The slope of v-t graph of a body measures

A velocity B displacemen

C momentum D acceleration

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